

## SNAPPY WEATHER, THIS!

JUST THE KIND FOR  
PORK CHOPS, COUNTRY SAUSAGE  
OR ROAST HAM.

## SPECIALS

For Tuesday, Nov. 14th.

Spare Ribs, lb.	12 1/2c
LITTLE PIG FRESH HAMS, lb.	14c
Little Pig Fresh Shoulders, lb.	12c
LITTLE PIG PORK LOINS, lb.	15c
Little Pig Pork Chops, lb.	16c
Country Style Sausage, lb.	15c
Philadelphia Scapple, lb.	10c
Souse, lb.	12c
ROUND STEAK, lb.	14c
SIRLOIN STEAK, lb.	16c
Top Round Roast, All Lean, lb.	16c
Bottom Round Roast, All Lean, lb.	12 1/2c
Boston Steak, All Lean, lb.	18c
Hamburg Steak, lb.	10c
Brookfield Creamery Butter, lb.	36c
Millbrook Eggs, extra selected and graded for weight and size, in sealed cartons, doz.	28c
Select Eggs, doz.	25c
Johnson's Mince-meat, lb.	9c
Extra Quality Mince-meat, lb.	12c

## OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.,

The Market of  
Economies

The Market of  
Cleanliness

## WICKERSHAM SEES NO COTTON "BEARS"

Attorney General's Reply to  
Southern Representative.

Attorney General Wickersham says there is no evidence in the Department of Justice that a bear cotton pool has been framed to depress the price of cotton. He makes this statement in a letter to Representative Aiken of South Carolina, who wrote to know why it was that the government, now that it is prosecuting the cotton bulls, was not also taking action against the bears.

"While I do not concur in the opinion that it was the proper function of the government to interfere with the enhanced value of a commodity that meant so much for the wealth of this country, I assume that you can justify the prosecution legally," says Mr. Aiken.

"Bear pressure in Wall street has forced a decline of fully 2 cents per pound in the present market, thereby robbing the South of approximately \$100,000,000 and giving it to foreign spinners. Should not the government intervene to depress its price in like manner? The formation of a corner for the increasing of the price is easily understood. How a bear pool would operate, I confess I do not quite understand, nor do I know of the existence of any such pool. I should be very glad to have you give me any detailed information available to you going to show the existence and operation of any combination formed for the purpose of depressing the price of cotton."

The Attorney General concludes his letter by calling attention to the fact that the cotton corner case is now in the Supreme Court of the United States.

## TAFT HIGHLY COMMENDED.

Ministers Extend Thanks for Reprieve Granted Mattie Lomax.

President Taft was highly commended for issuing a reprieve of ninety days to Mattie Lomax, the colored woman sentenced to be hanged November 20, for the murder of her husband, in a resolution introduced by Rev. Simon P. W. Drew, spiritual adviser to the woman, and unanimously adopted at a meeting last night of the Baptist Ministers' Alliance of the Mount Bethel Association.

A committee of five was appointed to present a copy of the resolutions to the President, and to extend an invitation to him to attend the celebration of the forty-sixth anniversary of the adoption of the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution, to be held December 18, in the Metropolitan Temple Baptist Church.

## SUP. DAVIDSON RETURNS.

School Official Sidesteps Question of Secret Societies.

Dr. W. M. Davidson, superintendent of public schools, returned yesterday from his Western trip, having attended the meeting of the State Teachers' Association at Omaha, Neb.

When interviewed regarding his school secret societies, Dr. Davidson preferred not to say anything at this time, declaring the matter no doubt would be brought up at the meeting of the board of education to-morrow, and that he did not deem it proper to state publicly his views before then.

"Three Arsons' Night."

The Arion Glee-singers last night entertained its members, friends, and invited guests at a hall at the National Rifles Armory, which was crowded to the doors. There were twenty dances, among them being the latest and most popular compositions. The chairman of the committees in charge were Henry Wassmann, Aug. Schmidt, and Hermann Dalkner.

## Milshire Dry Gin

The equal of any imported gin made, yet the price is one-fourth less. Try it for cocktails, stews, &c., and you will be delighted with the results. Special introductory price, 70c.

TO-KALON WINE CO. 1405 F St. N. W.

## WAR IN CAPITAL ON WHITE PLAGUE IS MAPPED OUT

Nurses in the Public Schools  
to Be Urged.

## "AIR ROOMS" FAVORED

Radical steps in fighting "the great white plague," which will embrace a petition to the Commissioners, demanding that they include in the appropriation budget of the District the cost of a corps of tuberculosis nurses to work under the direction of the health office, the installation of a corps of school nurses to fight the disease in the public schools, and the placing of the Washington Tuberculosis Hospital under the direction of the District health office, were a few of the provisions mapped out in a programme adopted last night at a meeting of the Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, at the Public Library.

DETAILS OF PROGRAMME.

In detail, the programme adopted for the coming year embraced these provisions:

All nurses employed by the Commissioners to be assigned to special tuberculosis dispensaries.

Different arrangements to be made regarding the reception of tuberculosis patients at Washington hospitals.

To urge the board of education to push its demand for open-air schools.

To install one or more "air rooms" in each public school for the use of children demanding more than the ordinary amount of fresh air.

That the Congressional Committee on Laws and Legislation be asked to secure the passage of a bill providing for the compulsory removal to hospitals of carelessly and dangerously tuberculosis patients.

For better centralization of private tuberculosis preventive work by co-operating with the American Red Cross.

For a better understanding regarding the admission of patients into the Washington Tuberculosis Hospital.

For a conference between medical societies of the District, the health office, Board of Charities, the Associated Charities, Instructive Visiting Nurses' Society, Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce, and the Monday Evening Club to devise ways and means for furthering the tuberculosis prevention work.

Speak Before Association.

Dr. Alexander M. Wilson, director of the Henry Phipps Institute, of Philadelphia, with an address on "The community responsibility for tuberculosis," and Dr. John S. Fulton, of Baltimore, secretary of the International Congress on Hygiene and Demography, on "Race characteristics in the tuberculosis problem," were the speakers of the evening.

Dr. George M. Kober presided in the absence of the president, Gen. George M. Sternberg. Previous to the address, a business meeting was held which resulted in the election of the following officers:

Gen. George M. Sternberg, president; Mr. Emilie Berliner, vice president; and Gen. William H. Forwood, treasurer.

Ten new members were elected to the board of directors for a three-year term, expiring November, 1914. They are: William H. Baldwin, Dr. Ryan Drexler, Gen. William H. Forwood, Mrs. J. C. McLaughlin, Dr. William C. Rives, Dr. E. C. Schroeder, Rabbi Louis Stern, Rev. John W. Schacht, Jr., George S. Wilson, and Dr. William C. Woodward.

## Reports Are Presented.

Brief reports were presented to the society by Dr. Kober, of the committee on dispensaries; Dr. William C. Gwynn, of the committee on education; and Miss Isabel L. Strong, of the committee on day camps.

The report of the treasurer, Gen. William H. Forwood, which was presented and approved, showed contributions and other sources of income to have been \$4,064 during the preceding year, and net disbursements of \$4,315. Tuberculosis patients to the number of 333 have been received by the association at its dispensary during the year.

Dr. Fulton, in his address, presented a mass of statistics regarding race characteristics noted in the fight against consumption.

"Washington is relatively numerically

## SMOKES IN PUBLIC.



MRS. CRAIG RIDDLE.

One of Philadelphia's leading society women, who is also well-known in New York, Newport, and Hot Springs, Va., who recently created a sensation in quiet Philadelphia when she sat at a window in a well-known hotel and calmly smoked a gold-tipped cigarette, while a wide-eyed and amazed populace stood outside on the sidewalk and watched Mrs. Riddle calmly inhale and exhale her weed. She seemed amused at the attention she was attracting.

stronger in population of people between the ages of fifteen and forty-five than any other city in the United States," he said, "and because consumption usually attacks at this period of life, we find the tuberculosis rate in Washington higher than in most cities of the country. This condition will exist as long as the population is divided according to age as it is at present."

## Destructive in Race.

"A serious difficulty arises here from Washington's proportionately high colored population. Tuberculosis is peculiarly destructive to members of the colored race, and in all cities where the colored population is as high as Washington, we may look for a proportionately high death rate from tuberculosis."

Dr. Wilson emphasized the necessity for control of the disease through municipal authorities, particularly the health department. He pleaded for greater power apportioned to health departments to carry on an aggressive war for the prevention of tuberculosis.

## COACHMAN UNABLE TO OBTAIN BOND

Alleged Blackmail Case Is  
Continued to Saturday.

Unable to procure bond after the original amount of surety had been cut in half, William H. Cook, colored coachman, accused of blackmailing Mrs. Rose F. McFarland, of 2430 Eighteenth street northwest, last night slept in a cell at the United States jail.

"I am so busy investigating this case that I haven't had time to look after bond for my client," said Attorney Andrew Wilson, who has been retained to clear the coachman of the charge of extorting large sums of money from the woman by whom he was once employed.

Judge Pugh, of the Police Court, acting on recommendation of Assistant United States Attorney Ralph Given, yesterday morning reduced Cook's bond from \$5,000 to \$2,500. Judge Pugh refused to further reduce the bond to \$500, which was requested by Attorney Wilson.

By agreement of prosecuting and defending counsel, the preliminary hearing yesterday was postponed until Saturday morning. Attorneys for each side desire time in which to investigate. Mrs. McFarland and her chief witness, Mrs. Julia Ballenger, drove to the Police Court in a taxicab and departed in the same vehicle after a private conference in the office of Mr. Given. Mrs. McFarland refused to talk, and Cook was not allowed to speak to interviewers.

## MINIATURE RETURNED BY ROBBERS.



Photograph of a miniature of Donald F. Hubbard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Judge Frederick A. Hubbard, of Greenacres, Conn., which was returned by mail by a burglar who read the mother's appeal for the return of the diamond-encrusted frame containing the miniature, which was stolen from her home. The original of the miniature is now a prominent business man in Seattle. The picture was taken of him when he was a baby. The burglar carefully removed the miniature from the frame, but sent the frame back to its original owner.

## TRANSFER MEASURE IS TURNED DOWN

Randle Highlands Refuses to  
Indorse Bill.

Before a strong speech by Col. Arthur E. Randle, the universal free transfer bill was put to rest last night before the Randle Highlands Citizens' Association.

Starting the citizens with the statement that a bill providing for universal transfers already passed Congress, Col. Randle pointed out the fact that a passenger now may ride from Randle Highlands to Great Falls and return, traveling several miles over the Capitol Traction lines without paying the Capitol Traction Company a penny.

In 1897 I was president and owner of the Capitol Railway, which ran between the navy yard and Congress Heights. In that year Congress passed a bill compelling the issuance of free transfers at all points where the Metropolitan, Capitol Traction, and Capitol railways intersected.

"The law is in existence to-day, but it is not in force, because there is no really prescribed for failure to issue free transfers. While it was not intended at that time to pass a universal transfer bill, the law that was passed was the equivalent to a universal transfer law. Since the passage of that bill the Metropolitan company's name has been changed to the Washington Railway and Electric Company."

When Col. Randle concluded his address, the association refused to indorse the universal transfer bill, and adjournment was taken. Prior to the discussion of the bill the following officers were unanimously re-elected:

Dr. B. T. Woodward, president; R. L. Brady, vice president; J. P. Riley, secretary-treasurer; and George E. Crane, sergeant-at-arms.

## TEN DIRECTORS CHOSEN BY BOARD

Continued from Page One.

## RECOMMENDATIONS IN HARRIES' REPORT.

An "effective and sufficient" police and firemen's pension fund.

A central registration bureau for charitable work.

New site and buildings for the Industrial Home School.

Increased water power.

Prompt and effective concentration on the George Washington Memorial building project.

Disapproved salaries and force for the Public Library.

Disapproval of the plan for a municipal asphalt plant.

"Educative and determined opposition" to any move to do away with the half-and-half plan of revenue raising for the District.

principle, has reached the conclusion that it is not "ethical" if he has been quoted correctly—and has announced that it must be modified or repealed.

"By an unfortunate coincidence, the new chairman of the House Committee for the District of Columbia has not only expressed his opposition to the 30 per cent feature of the organic act, but believes sincerely he has discovered that the United States never intended to pay any part of the interest or principal of the 3.5 bonds, and that the many millions of dollars that have been paid from the public Treasury on that account have been paid without authority of law, and should, therefore, be refunded by the District. This would seem like a fantastic claim if it were made by a less astute and experienced lawyer.

"Whatever grounds there may be to support this contention, the fact that the chairman of these two important committees are in accord upon the repeal of the half-and-half feature is one of the most important facts to be noted, and should receive its careful and earnest attention.

"The report of the committee on municipal finance completely refutes the contention of the chairman of the District Committee as to the 3.5 bonds."

## Regrets Withdrawal.

In concluding his report, Gen. Harries, whose duties in Louisville will prevent further active work with the Board, thanked his co-workers for their assistance, and spoke with regret of his necessary withdrawal from further official connection with the Board.

The report of the secretary, William John Byron, showed the acquisition of 132 new members in the last year; a present membership of 717, as compared with 692 for 1910; a balance in the treasury of \$34,421, following receipts amounting to \$4,037.25.

While the judges of election, Joseph Straubinger, Walter H. Klopfer, James Petty, and Alexander McKenzie, and Dr. William Tindall and Odell S. Smith, assistants, were counting the ballots, the members adjourned to the large ballroom, where a buffet supper was served.

## Northeast Citizens Indorse Movement

The movement for obtaining a permanent and adequate pension fund for policemen and firemen was given strong indorsement last night by the Northeast Washington Citizens' Association, which presented a resolution pledging its support of proposed legislation in behalf of these public servants.

"The pension fund at the present time is in a deplorable condition," said Dr. L. J. Walsh, chairman of the police and fire committees, in presenting the resolution. "There is due to those who are on the pension roll at the present time back pensions ranging from \$50 to \$100, and after the first of January there will be a greater deficiency. A number of beneficiaries are widows and orphans who depend on the pension money for their support. If something is not done to maintain a permanent fund, there will be great suffering for want of the common necessities of life by the widows and orphans of the men who gave their best days for the protection of the city."

"It was but a few weeks ago that two firemen lost their lives in the line of duty, and their widows and orphans depend upon these pensions. There are also policemen and firemen who have been injured in the line of duty who depend upon these pensions for their support. If a permanent pension fund is not maintained, it will not be long before it will be difficult to find good men to serve in these departments. As the cost of living is so high, it is impossible for them to save anything from their salaries, and all they have to depend upon in case of injury in the line of duty is the reward of a pension."

M. W. Keating, chairman of the sub-

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New York WASHINGTON San Francisco

## CARPETS OF SPECIAL DESIGN WOVEN IN ONE PIECE.

No floor covering more distinguished can be devised than a carpet specially designed to accord with its surroundings and woven entirely in one piece.

Of such as these we make more than any other firm in America, and in a greater variety of Foreign and Domestic Weaves, comprising French Savonnerie, Scotch Chenille Axminster, English Hand-tufted, India, Turkish and Persian, as well as the inexpensive Domestic Rugs, "Chaumont," "Kalliston," "Inverness," and "Mohegan."

Orders should be placed as far as possible in advance of the date of delivery.

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Unsurpassed at their respective prices.

Family Quality House,  
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No Branch House

## EDUCATIONAL.

## CONVERSION SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

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